# **EXHIBIT 2**

#### GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018

1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  MARSHALL DIVISION
3	GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED, *
4	*
5	VS.
6	DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., *
7	et al., * Defendants. *
8	*************
9	ORAL AND VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF
10	DR. GARY WOOLEY JULY 18, 2018
11	HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
12	OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY
13	*************
14	DEPOSITION of DR. GARY WOOLEY,
15	produced as a witness at the instance of the
16	Defendants, and duly sworn, was taken in the
17	above-styled and numbered cause on the 18th day of
18	July, 2018, from 10:02 a.m. to 5:29 p.m., before
19	Christy R. Sievert, CSR, RPR, in and for the State
20	of Texas, reported by machine shorthand, at the
21	offices of McKool Smith, 300 Crescent Court, Suite
22	1500, Dallas, Texas 75201, pursuant to the Federal
23	Rules of Civil Procedure and the provisions stated
24	on the record or attached hereto.
25	

# GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 2..5

	ide Counsei Only Dr. Gary wool	ey or	1 0 // 18/2018	1 a	ges 25
	Page 2				Page 4
1	APPEARANCES	1		EXHIBITS	8
2		2	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
3	FOR THE PLAINTIFF:	3	Exhibit 1	Expert Report	49
4	MR. ERIK B. FOUNTAIN	4	Exhibit 2	U.S. Patent No. 8,220,394	104
5	McKool Smith 300 Crescent Court, Suite 1500	5	Exhibit 3	Deposition transcript	120
5	Dallas, Texas 75201			John Hardesty, 5-31-18	
6	Phone: 214-978-4241	6			
"	E-mail: efountain@mckoolsmith.com		Exhibit 4	10-3-14 letter to D. Carstens	122
7		7		from C. Wait	
8	FOR THE DEFENDANTS:	_		GEOD3 000974 - 000982	
9	MR. PRESTON H. HEARD	8			
	Womble Bond Dickinson	_	Exhibit 5	Transcript of Malte Veehmayer	188
10	271 17th Street NW, Suite 2400	9		6-22-18	
	Atlanta, Georgia 30363	10	Exhibit 6	Rebuttal Expert Report	194
11	Phone: 404-872-7000	11	Exhibit 7	U.S. Patent No. 8,544,563	220
	E-mail: preston.heard@wcsr.com	12	Exhibit 8 Exhibit 9	Exhibit D	223 224
12	MD WITH TAM HINDADD	13	EXHIDIC 9	World Intellectual Property	
13	MR. WILLIAM HUBBARD Womble Bond Dickinson	1,4		Organization, Publication data	Е
13	100 Light Street, 26th Floor	14	Exhibit 10	April 21, 2005 Exhibit A	237
14	Baltimore, Maryland 21202	16	Exhibit 10		244
	Phone: 410-545-5800	1 10	בעוודמור II	Deposition excerpt Phillip Duncan Church, 8-17-1	
15	E-mail: will.hubbard@wbd-us.com	17		riiririp buncan Church, 8-1/-1	,
16		' '	Exhibit 12	J. Delacour, Shaped Explosive	252
	ALSO PRESENT:	18	EXHIDIC 12	Charge Devices	252
17		19	Exhibit 13	A Survey of Combustible	252
	LUIS ACEVEDO, Videographer	1 19	EXHIDIC 13	Metals, Thermites, and	232
18		20		Intermetallics for Pyrotechni	G
19		20		Applications	_
20		21		Applicacions	
21		22			
22		23			
23 24		24			
25		25			
_	Page 3				Page 5
1	INDEX PAGE	1		PROCEEDINGS	
2	PAGE	2		THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're on the ${ t r}$	record
	Appearances	3	for the deposi-	tion of Gary Wooley. The time is	
3	Appearances		-	July 18, 2018, in the matter of	
	Exhibits4	4		_	
4	EMILDICO	5	GEODynamics, I	nc., versus DynaEnergetics U.S.,	Inc.,
-	Proceedings5	6	Civil Action N	o. 217-cv-00371-RSP, being held i	n the
5	110000411195			_	
~	DR. GARY WOOLEY:	7		District Court for the Eastern	
6		8	District of Te	xas, Marshal Division.	
	Examination by Mr. Heard 5	9	The c	ourt reporter is Christy Sievert.	
7	Examination by Mr. Fountain 260			•	
	Examination by Mr. Heard 262	10		er is Luis Acevedo, both	
8	•	11	representative	s of Huseby.	
	Changes and Signature 264-265	12	Will	counsel please state their	
9		12		-	
	Reporter's Certification 266-267	13	appearances for		_
110		14	1	MR. HEARD: Preston Heard of Womb	ole
10		1	Bond Dickinson	for DynaEnergetics. And with me	ia
10		15			: 18
1				-	: 15
11		16	Will Hubbard.		
11 12			Will Hubbard.	MR. FOUNTAIN: Erik Fountain from	
11 12 13		16	Will Hubbard.	MR. FOUNTAIN: Erik Fountain from	1
11 12 13 14		16 17 18	Will Hubbard.	here today on behalf of GEODynami	1
11 12 13 14 15		16 17 18 19	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1	here today on behalf of GEODynami DR. GARY WOOLEY	1
11 12 13 14 15 16		16 17 18	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1	here today on behalf of GEODynami	1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17		16 17 18 19	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1	here today on behalf of GEODynami DR. GARY WOOLEY	1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17		16 17 18 19 20 21	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1	here today on behalf of GEODynami DR. GARY WOOLEY ing been first duly sworn, testified as follows:	1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18		16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1  have	here today on behalf of GEODynami DR. GARY WOOLEY ing been first duly sworn,	1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		16 17 18 19 20 21	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1	here today on behalf of GEODynami DR. GARY WOOLEY ing been first duly sworn, testified as follows:	1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1  have	here today on behalf of GEODynami DR. GARY WOOLEY ing been first duly sworn, testified as follows: EXAMINATION	1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Will Hubbard.  McKool Smith, 1  have  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. Good 1	here today on behalf of GEODynami DR. GARY WOOLEY ing been first duly sworn, testified as follows:	1

#### GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL.

Ou	tside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Woole	ey o	n 07/18/2018 Pages 5457
	Page 54		Page 56
1	A. Yes.	1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And HMX?	2	Q. And in particular, Mr. Price testified that
3	A. Uh-huh (affirmative response). I'm aware	3	that was done in conjunction with the military
4	they they exist. Don't know a lot about them.	4	section of the Dynamit Nobel business?
5	Q. Do you know whether those are classified as	5	A. That's my understanding.
6	military-grade explosives?	6	Q. And you point to a master's thesis, the
7	A. By whom? I mean, it's not a standard.	7	Vebis thesis. Have you reviewed that document?
8	It's just a common terminology that's used.	8	A. Yes, I think I've seen it. I saw
9	Q. Sure. Well, based on it the way you use it	9	Q. And you note in Paragraph 16 you state
10	here in Paragraph 14, you say that Connex charges	10	that you were unable to find a single document which
11	use military-grade explosives, and I'm trying to	11	shows that Dyna considered, tested, or manufactured
12	understand if those explosives are different than	12	a shaped charge containing both nickel and aluminum
13	explosives used in conventional charges.	13	until 2007. Did you see that?
14	A. Yes, I would I would expect that	14	A. Yes.
15	that's part of this description.	15	Q. How did you search for documents?
16	Q. So this the description of the use of	16	A. Well, I asked. I looked at some of the
17	military-grade explosives, again, came from some	17	documents that I did see, and we had this
18	GEO-provided materials?	18	conversation about timing. Asked is there anything
19	A. Yes.	19	else that goes back that far. I think I asked John
20	Q. Okay.	20	Hardesty and the lawyers. And based on those
21	A. Well, and confirmed through conversation,	21	conversations and what I did see, I was able to make
22	but yes. The answer to that is "yes."	22	this statement.
23	Q. And then similarly with the last sentence,	23	Q. I just wanted to make sure that when you
24	you state that "GEO worked tirelessly to build a	24	say you were unable to find, you weren't given carte
25	market for reactive liner perforating charges in	25	blanche to the whole discovery all the documents
	Page 55		Page 57
1	both U.S. and global markets."	1	produced in discovery and you ran searches on your
2	Again, that's not based on your	2	OWN.
3	independent technical expertise and understanding,	3	A. That's correct, I did not do that.
4	that's based on what GEO told you?	4	Q. Okay. Were you aware that Malte Veehmayer,
5	A. Yeah. It's not because I was there	5	a former R&D manager at Dyna, was deposed in this

Yeah. It's not because I was there 6 watching them until they were tireless. It was 7 their words, and I -- you know, after some 8 conversation, I said, "I'll just use your words." Q. And you've been -- again, you've been in 9 10 the industry for a long time. You have seen companies work to market new products, I assume? 12 A. Yes.

Q. And you understand that that doesn't confer 13 14 patentability on that new product every time? You understand that? A. Yes. 16

Q. In Paragraph 15, you turn to describing 17

18 DynaEnergetics' development of reactive shaped 19 charges; is that correct?

20 A. Yes.

Q. It looks like in here, you -- you note that 21

22 both Mr. McNelis and Mr. Price testified that 23 DynaEnergetics were -- began developing the

24 reactive -- a reactive shaped charge in the early

25 2000s. Do you see that?

5 a former R&D manager at Dyna, was deposed in this

7 A. Yes, I believe that's -- I did -- I did 8 know that.

9 Q. And did -- have you reviewed his deposition 10 transcript?

A. I had conversations about the testimony, 12 but I -- as I recall, it was fairly recent.

Q. Yes.

13

21

14 A. And I don't think I've seen the transcript, except -- with the exception of some excerpts.

16 Q. Okay. So it's fair to say that you

didn't -- and, again, I understand timing is an 17

issue. But in -- for these paragraphs, you did not

19 have the benefit of reviewing Malte Veehmayer's

20 deposition transcript. Is that fair?

A. The entire transcript, that's correct, yes.

22 Q. And at least it's not referenced in here in

23 any way?

24 A. Correct.

Q. Do you recall being shown a document, a

#### GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 94..97

Page 94 Page 96 identified? Moving on. Anything else in Paragraph 14? 2 2 A. Testimony by DynaEnergetics. A. Yes. I knew they were in the market. I 3 Okay. 3 took their own description to say that they were a market leader. I knew they were involved in 4 I read that testimony, have opinions about 4 what they said, and those are described here in explosive charges. And -- and, you know, their 5 these paragraphs. And I take that to not be 6 description of being a pioneer in the development comments or input from GEODynamics. Now, of course, was their words, but the fact that they were working 7 I got the deposition from the lawyers for on reactive liners, I found out about. So that's 8 8 9 GEODynamics, but it's --9 the independent part of that, if you will. 10 Sure. 10 Same thing in 15, I talk a bit about my -- it's testimony by DynaEnergetics. And understanding that -- of Dyna's position based on 11 11 based on what they said and my understanding of the 12 Dyna's testimony. 12 technology, I have comments in here about that. 13 13 Q. And is that an opinion that -- again, 14 So Paragraph 14, which of those statements 14 that's an understanding you developed from reading 15 do you believe is -- was formed on the basis solely 15 deposition testimony in this case, it's not an 16 of your independent technical expertise? opinion that you formed based on your independent 16 17 A. Okay. We've talked about the fact that 17 technical expertise? 18 much of this description of -- of GEO is based on 18 Not independent of the testimony. My their own words, after I've had some conversation 19 opinion based on the testimony and what I understood with them. But the parts that I was already aware 20 it to mean. 20 21 of is, they were a global player. I knew they were Q. And specifically, you recount what the Dyna 21 global, and they dealt with downhole completions, 22 witnesses testify, don't you? and that they were based in Millsap, Texas. 23 Correct, I do. 24 Okay. 24 Okay. 25 25 Now, some of the other descriptions -- and Α. 16 refers to the master's thesis that I Page 95 Page 97 1 they deal with wireline-conveyed solutions. Some of looked through. Again, it's -- I -- I got it the other descriptions of that, I've already through the lawyers, but it's not written by GEO commented on, was some of their own words. people, it's a master's thesis that Dyna referred 3 3 The fact that GEO sells conventional oil 4 to. 5 well completions was something I was aware of. 5 And then we've already talked about the And just to ask you -- stop you, Dr. Wooley, last sentence in 16, where I was unable to find a 6 6 did that require your independent technical 7 document that shows Dyna considered, tested, or 8 expertise to form those -- that statement, to 8 manufactured a shaped charge containing both nickel and aluminum until 2007. I looked at some 9 recount that fact? 9 10 I don't understand that question. Did it 10 documents, I saw the date, I asked if there was require it? It was knowledge that I had already anything else. I didn't do an independent search of 11 12 before GEO told me, which is what I understood your 12 everything that's been produced. question to be about: What did -- what's in here 13 13 17 refers to some more testimony by Dyna. 14 that was not told to me by GEO? 14 Specifically, on page 9, the testimony is quoted, Is there an opinion that you have formed on where there's a specific question asked about when 15 15 16 the basis -- from your independent technical 16 was the first time DynaEnergetics had considered 17 expertise that's reflected in that statement? 17 using both nickel and aluminum in a reactive shaped MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form. 18 18 charge liner, was it in 2007? And the answer was 19 A. I don't know if you'd call it an opinion. 19 is, "Right. That may be correct, yes." 20 It's knowledge. I knew that they were in the 20 So you're just referring to deposition 21 business, and I knew they provided services. And 21 excerpts here? 22 some of the descriptions are their words, but the 22 Again, it's the same thing. This is not fact that they were in the business was independent 23 something GEO said, this is something Dyna said. 23 knowledge. 24 Q. But you're not offering -- nothing in what

you've just described is -- is expressing an opinion

BY MR. HEARD:

## GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 98..101

2 fair? 2 August 17th, 2 3 A. Well, it's not my testimony. It's Dyna's 4 testimony. I'm not sure what you're asking there. 5 Q. There's no is there an opinion that you 6 can point to that is formed as a basis on the 7 basis of these statements? 8 A. Well, my opinion is, he was telling the 9 truth; and therefore, 2007 was the first time that 10 Dyna used it. 2 August 17th, 2 3 A. Well, 4 aware of the ' 5 2014." 7 DynaEnergetics 8 right? 9 A. Right 10 Dyna used it.	Page 100 are of the '394 patent as of 014; is that right? the first statement is, "Dyna's been 394 patent since at least August 17, ct. And that understanding came from
2 fair? 2 August 17th, 2 3 A. Well, it's not my testimony. It's Dyna's 4 testimony. I'm not sure what you're asking there. 5 Q. There's no is there an opinion that you 6 can point to that is formed as a basis on the 7 basis of these statements? 8 A. Well, my opinion is, he was telling the 9 truth; and therefore, 2007 was the first time that 10 Dyna used it. 2 August 17th, 2 3 A. Well, 4 aware of the ' 5 2014." 7 DynaEnergetics 8 right? 9 A. Right 10 Dyna used it.	014; is that right? the first statement is, "Dyna's been 394 patent since at least August 17, ct. And that understanding came from
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8 A. Well, my opinion is, he was telling the 8 right? 9 truth; and therefore, 2007 was the first time that 9 A. Right 10 Dyna used it. 10 Q. Sure.	
9 truth; and therefore, 2007 was the first time that 9 A. Right 10 Dyna used it. 10 Q. Sure.	' interrogatory response; is that
10 Dyna used it. 10 Q. Sure.	
	. Yes. I'm sorry, I
11 O And so roum eminion is generally the	
11 Q. And so your opinion is, generally, the 11 A ma	y not have answered your question the
12 witnesses are telling the truth when they're 12 way you wanted	me to.
13 deposed? 13 Q. No, s	o then you go on in the next sentence
14 MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form. 14 to state that,	"Dyna has likely been aware of the
15 A. Generally, yes. 15 '394 patent si	nce much earlier than 2014." Do you
16 BY MR. HEARD: 16 see that?	· ·
17 Q. Okay. And we already covered the fact that 17 A. Yes.	
	u disbelieve the DynaEnergetics'
19 witnesses that Mr. Veehmayer, that testified to 19 interrogatory	• •
	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
· I	No, I didn't contradict it. It just
	on to what they said in 2014, there's
23 A. I think that's the testimony you asked if I 23 additional evi	•
24 had seen, and I told you I had not. 24 BY MR. HEARD:	acrice.
	specifically, you point you point
25 BI FR. IMPARD.	specifically, you point you point
Page 99	Page 101
	ated April 16th, 2009; is that right?
2 Paragraph 20. 2 A. Yes.	5 77 7
	Dr. Wooley, you're you're familiar
	w, aren't you?
5 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record, 5	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
	3
6 12:16. 6 BY MR. HEARD:	·
7 (Break taken, 12:16 p.m. to 12:58 p.m.) 7 Q. Gener	ally speaking, you understand when a
7 (Break taken, 12:16 p.m. to 12:58 p.m.) 7 Q. Gener 8 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're on the 8 patent issues,	ally speaking, you understand when a that that's that a patent is not a
7 (Break taken, 12:16 p.m. to 12:58 p.m.) 7 Q. Gener 8 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're on the 8 patent issues, 9 record. The time is 12:58. 9 patent until t	ally speaking, you understand when a that that's that a patent is not a he date it issues?
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7 (Break taken, 12:16 p.m. to 12:58 p.m.) 7 Q. Gener 8 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're on the 8 patent issues, 9 record. The time is 12:58. 9 patent until t 10 BY MR. HEARD: 10 A. Gener 11 Q. Dr. Wooley, I'd ask you to turn in your 11 patent until i 12 report, Exhibit 1, sitting in front of you, to 12 Q. Do you 13 Paragraph 105 on page 60. Have you found it? 13 patent?	ally speaking, you understand when a that that's that a patent is not a he date it issues? ally, I understand a patent is not a t's issued, yes.
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### GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 134..137

Out	side Counsel Only Dr. Gary Woole	ey or	n 07/18/2018 Pages 134137
1	Page 134	1	Page 136
1 2	BY MR. HEARD: Q. So specifically, you you didn't believe	1 2	that right?  A. Yes. Well, I observed that he had. I
3	that it was a for instance, a standardized API	3	mean, the intent was to just create the reaction so
4	19B test that he was performing?	4	that we could obtain the product for analysis.
5	A. I don't think it was ever intended to be.	5	Q. But you relied on Mr. Hardesty to design
6	Q. Right. And you don't believe it was	6	and actually carry out those tests; is that right?
7	intended to be a the following of any standard	7	A. Yes. I I observed and discussed them
8	procedure that has been accepted by the industry?	8	with him. But he has extensive experience at
9	A. I don't think there was ever an intent to	9	running these kinds of tests. And so he proposed
10	do that. The purpose was to try to obtain the	10	them, we discussed them, I observed them, and
11	products of the reaction.	11	observed the test itself, and saw the products.
12	Q. Was it also an objective of the test to	12	Q. Did you is it fair to say you deferred
13	simulate the energy that a reactive liner is exposed	13	to him to determine what would, in a suitable
14	to downhole?	14	manner, detonate and be detonate the charges and
15	A. No. It was clearly never intended to be a	15	be able to recover the liner material?
16	downhole simulation. These are controlled	16	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
17	laboratory conditions to try to obtain to try to	17	A. I trusted his extensive laboratory
18	create the reaction and obtain the product.	18	experience to be able to create the reaction. And
19	Q. So it also wasn't it wasn't intended to	19	it turned out to be proper trust. He was able to do
20	impart the same amount of energy that would be	20	that.
21	experienced downhole either?	21	BY MR. HEARD:
22	A. No need to do that.	22	Q. And likewise, did you rely on Dr. DeLeon's
23	Q. Okay.	23	experience running x-ray diffraction to run those
24	A. That's the purpose of laboratory	24	tests and generate the data?
25	experiments, to be able to control the environment	25	A. Yes. She has extensive experience running
	Page 135		Page 137
1	and get what you want.	1	those types of analyses and seemed to be perfectly
2	Q. Do you know if the test that he performed	2	capable, and the results bear that out.
3	was one that was known to produce nickel aluminide	3	Q. Did were you asked to suggest labs to
4	reactions under high pressures?	4	perform the x-ray diffraction?
5	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.	5	A. No.
6	A. Well, the intent was to create an a	6	Q. Did you ever provide recommendations to any
7	reaction with an impact that would give us the	7	labs for analytical testing of the accused products?
8	product of the exothermic reaction for a number of	8	A. Did not. I was not asked to and did not.
9	different materials.	9	Q. If you flip back in your report just a few
10	BY MR. HEARD:	10	pages to Paragraphs 28 to 33. It's a section
11	Q. And then your understanding is, the	11	titled, "The '394 Patent." Do you see that?
12	samples or at least some of the samples were sent	12	A. Yes, sir.
13	to Dr. DeLeon for x-ray diffraction analysis?	13	Q. And you note that the the inventors of
14	A. That's my understanding, yes.	14	the '394 patent there in Paragraph 28 are Leslie
15	Q. And you didn't you weren't on site in	15	Raymond Bates and Brian Bourne. Do you see that?
16	Dr. DeLeon's lab when she performed x-ray	16	A. Yes.
17	diffraction analysis?	17	Q. Have you spoken with either of those
18	A. I was not. We discussed that some. And it	18	inventors?
19	was my suggestion that, "I don't think I need to be	19	A. Not that I know of. Again, they could have
	there unless you really want me there. I just need	21	been on some of the conference calls. But to my knowledge, no.
21 22	to see the results." And I left it up to somebody else to take care of the chain of custody issue of	22	Q. Certainly not in connection with this case,
23	just these samples got to her shop.	23	you haven't spoken with them?
24	Q. So you relied on Mr. Hardesty to design and	24	A. Correct.
25	perform the the collection tests adequately; is	25	Q. Have you spoken with anyone at QinetiQ
23	pollolim one one confection copies adequately, is		2. Have you spond with anyone at officerd

#### GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 146..149

-	Page 146		Page 14
1	A. Yes.	1	sieved?
2	Q. Okay. And, specifically, you address	2	A. Well, yes, the green compacted particulate
3	Claims 1, 2, 3, and 28 in the '394 patent; is that	3	composition was crushed and sieved and then put into
4	right? If it helps, in Paragraph 46, that's what	4 5	the test equipment.
5	you stated.		Q. And it wasn't then again before being
6 7	A. Yes. I'm just flipping through here. I believe that's correct.	6	put into the test equipment, it wasn't again green
8	Q. And I just want you to confirm that Claim	8	compacted; is that right?  A. No. There was no need to.
9	20 is not addressed in your report. Is that	9	Q. Right.
10	correct?	10	A. No intent to.
11	A. I believe that's correct. Let me look.	11	Q. Did you do anything to empirically verify
12	It's not listed in 46.	12	the reliability of Mr. Hardesty's collection tests?
13	Q. And I'm just the reason I'm asking	13	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
14	A. Make make sure there's not a typo, is	14	A. I don't know what that means.
15	all I'm doing.	15	BY MR. HEARD:
16	Q. No, sure, please do. I I'm trying to	16	Q. Did you perform any separate testing to
17	clarify that in the infringement contentions,	17	verify the reliability of the the test methods?
18	Claim 20 was listed, and I just want to be	18	A. There's no need to do that. They would be
19	confirm, your understanding is that that is no at	19	meaningless.
20	this point, it's not being asserted against	20	Q. Do you know if there's an error rate
21	DynaEnergetics.	21	associated with Mr. Hardesty's collection tests?
22	A. (Reviews document.)	22	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
23	Bear with me. I'm flipping through here	23	A. There would be no reason to establish an
24	just to confirm.	24	error rate with what he was doing. You're applying
25	Yeah, I believe that's correct.	25	something that doesn't apply here.
1	Page 147 Q. Okay.	1	Page 14 BY MR. HEARD:
2	A. Now, I don't know about the contentions. I	2	Q. So in your mind, the the collection
3	believe 20 is not addressed in my report.	3	tests that Mr. Hardesty went through doesn't need to
4	Q. Thank you.	4	be verified that it's a reliable method?
5	If you'd flip to Paragraph 56, please.	1	
_	ii you a liip co lalagraph 50, picabc.	5	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
6	You're addressing an element of the claim of	5	-
6 7			
	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate	6	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning
7	You're addressing an element of the claim of	6	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what
7 8	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?	6 7 8	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.
7 8 9	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.	6 7 8 9	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:
7 8 9 10	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.  Q. And as when Mr. Hardesty performed his collection tests, how did you ensure that the liner	6 7 8 9	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you can't sitting here today, you
7 8 9 10 11	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.  Q. And as when Mr. Hardesty performed his	6 7 8 9 10 11	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you can't sitting here today, you couldn't develop or consider how to develop a test
7 8 9 10 11	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.  Q. And as when Mr. Hardesty performed his collection tests, how did you ensure that the liner maintained as a green compacted particulate	6 7 8 9 10 11	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you can't sitting here today, you couldn't develop or consider how to develop a test to empirically verify the reliability of the
7 8 9 10 11 12	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.  Q. And as when Mr. Hardesty performed his collection tests, how did you ensure that the liner maintained as a green compacted particulate composition?	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you can't sitting here today, you couldn't develop or consider how to develop a test to empirically verify the reliability of the collection tests?
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.  Q. And as when Mr. Hardesty performed his collection tests, how did you ensure that the liner maintained as a green compacted particulate composition?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you can't sitting here today, you couldn't develop or consider how to develop a test to empirically verify the reliability of the collection tests?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.  Q. And as when Mr. Hardesty performed his collection tests, how did you ensure that the liner maintained as a green compacted particulate composition?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.  A. Why would I want to do that?  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. Well, then that's my question. Did	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you can't sitting here today, you couldn't develop or consider how to develop a test to empirically verify the reliability of the collection tests?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.  A. That would be meaningless. That phrase has no meaning in these tests.  BY MR. HEARD:
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	You're addressing an element of the claim of Claim 1 referring to a green compacted particulate composition. Do you understand that?  A. Yes, I understand that.  Q. And as when Mr. Hardesty performed his collection tests, how did you ensure that the liner maintained as a green compacted particulate composition?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.  A. Why would I want to do that?  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. Well, then that's my question. Did did you not you did not confirm whether it remained a green compacted particulate composition	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A. Your error analysis is unrelated to what was done. I don't that question has no meaning in these kinds of laboratory tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you can't sitting here today, you couldn't develop or consider how to develop a test to empirically verify the reliability of the collection tests?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.  A. That would be meaningless. That phrase has no meaning in these tests.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. If you would turn in your declaration to 66, please. Do you see there, you indicate that you

22

Q. And, specifically, you were speaking to him

23 to gain the understanding that nickel and aluminum

24 "in the DPEX shaped charge liner are provided in

25 proportions calculated to produce NiAl upon

22 green compacted particulate composition.

23

Q. And then based on the -- the preparation

24 that Mr. Hardesty did of the electronic initiator,

25 then you understand after that, it was crushed and

#### GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 150..153

Page 150 Page 152 detonation of the shaped charge"? formation of NiAl is exothermic in nature; that is, Α. that nickel and aluminum interact via an exothermic 2 Yes. Did you rely on Dr. Arroyave's expertise intermetallic reaction to create NiAl." Is that 3 4 to -- to gain that understanding? 4 right? A. I did rely on Dr. Arroyave's expertise. 5 Yes, I discussed that with him. 6 In Paragraph 69, you state that you "have 6 So you would agree that you gained your understanding that -- about the formation of NiAl spoken with John Hardesty, who analyzed the tunnel 7 geometry of the DPEX and HaloFrac charges when fired from Dr. Arroyave? 8 8 into Berea sandstone cores." Do you see that? 9 A. I verified and confirmed some 10 A. Yes. 10 understanding, yes, sir. Q. Did you rely on Mr. Hardesty to analyze the 11 11 So you had a separate understanding before tunnel geometry to determine whether an exothermic speaking with him? 12 12 reaction had taken place? 13 A. On most of these matters, I did. 13 14 A. Of course. 14 But that's not reflected in Paragraph 70? 15 Q. Do you know --15 A. I disagree. 16 There's an implication in your questions 16 If you could turn to Paragraph 71. And in 17 that I think is off base; and that is, there's 17 this section, you're dealing with the element regarding the electron concentration of 1.5. Do you 18 something wrong with relying on experts that you 18 19 19 understand that? That -- you can leave that to us, to the 20 A. That's correct. 20 21 lawyers to argue. I'm just asking you questions. 21 Q. Had you ever heard of Hume-Rothery before 22 Well, I think the implication of your your involvement in this litigation? question is there, and I think it's inappropriate. A. Yes, I had heard of it. I had not known 23 24 MR. HEARD: Move to strike the answer. 24 about it to the extent that I saw in this 25 A. Now, you can -- you can certainly discuss 25 litigation. I had heard the name. Page 151 Page 153 the legal stuff. I don't want anything to do with Had you ever calculated electron that. But it's inappropriate to suggest that 2 concentrations before your involvement in this case? there's anything wrong with relying on another 3 Of course. 3 expert. I do that often. People with expertise 4 Q. In what context? like Dr. Arroyave and John Hardesty are people that 5 Many different times during the course of you rely on for expert opinions. my career, including tutoring my high school 6 6 7 MR. HEARD: Move to strike the -- the 7 grandson. 8 nonresponsive response. 8 Q. And is your understanding that electron 9 concentration is a ratio of valence electrons to 9 BY MR. HEARD: 10 Q. In Paragraph 69 -- did you do anything to 10 measure the -- the heat of reaction that took place That's correct. 11 12 in the samples that were fired? 12 But for purposes of developing your A. You're talking about the heat of reaction opinions, you state you've conferred with 13 13 14 for the -- reaction -- the exothermic reaction? Dr. Arroyave and agree with his analysis; is that 14 right? 15 15 16 Yeah, there were no measurements of that. 16 A. Yes. 17 We were just looking for product. And never 17 So did you separately develop an opinion as intended to, so there's no reason to measure it. 18 to whether the -- the metals were provided in 18 19 Q. In Paragraph 70, you discussed the -- that 19 respective proportions calculated to give an you've reviewed a laboratory report from Texray Lab 20 electron concentration of 1.5, apart from speaking 21 Services and have spoken with Dr. Arroyave regarding 21 with Dr. Arroyave? 22 the information in the report. Is that right? 22 A. I don't know how to separate the two. I 23 That's correct. 23 mean, I consulted with him. I did the calculations Α. 24 Okay. And you go on in that paragraph to 24 independently. He -- he did them. We got the same say you "understand from Dr. Arroyave that the result.

## GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 166..169

Out	side Counsel Only Dr. Gary Woole	y UI	n 07/18/2018 Pages 166169
	Page 166		Page 168
1	Dr. Arroyave.	1	A. I don't know what you're asking.
2	BY MR. HEARD:	2	BY MR. HEARD:
3	Q. So it's it's really complex? It	3	Q. What ratios of nickel and aluminum provided
4	requires some theoretical analysis that someone like	4	in a liner do you believe would not likely to be
5	Dr. Arroyave can speak to?	5	formed in formed in NiAl in a liner?
6	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.	6	A. I think you've got it backwards. If nickel
7	A. Not to determine whether or not	7	and aluminum are present, it's very likely that NiAl
8	infringements occurred, but to answer the kind of	8	will be formed, which is what's stated here. And
9	question you're asking about the degree of	9	and I think you'll find that's Dr. Arroyave's
10	infringement; that is, if I'm infringing, but I only	10	opinion also.
11	have a little bit, how much do I need to cause a	11	Q. Well, so I just going to so you can't
12	sufficient amount of energy to do a good job of	12	draw a line as to where, looking at a liner
13	cleaning out the perforation tunnel? That's where I	13	composition well, strike that.
14	would suggest Dr. Arroyave get involved in the	14	Stepping back. Do you believe a liner
15	calculations. But in terms of infringement, I	15	that contains 50 percent by weight and 50 percent by
16	don't that's not needed.	16	weight nickel and aluminum would react to form
17	BY MR. HEARD:	17	nickel aluminide?
18	Q. But well, then that's not true over the	18	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.
19	entire spectrum. To clarify, if proportions are	19	A. If nickel and aluminum are present, I
20	calculated to get Ni2Al, but some trace amount of	20	expect there will be some nickel and aluminum
21	NiAl is formed, the only way to figure that out is	21	formed.
22	through testing the reactant products and going	22	BY MR. HEARD:
23	through XRD and SEM and these various analytical	23	Q. In any any proportions?
24	methods, isn't it?	24	A. That's my expectation, yes. And I think
25	MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.	25	that fits with Dr. Arroyave, as I mentioned here in
1			
	Daga 167		Dago 160
1	Page 167  A. No, I would disagree with that.	1	Page 169 the report. It was his opinion that's the most
1 2		1 2	
	A. No, I would disagree with that. BY MR. HEARD:		the report. It was his opinion that's the most likely thing to occur.
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2 3	A. No, I would disagree with that.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. And you state in the final sentence of 109	2 3	the report. It was his opinion that's the most likely thing to occur.  Q. And you're not
2 3 4	A. No, I would disagree with that.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. And you state in the final sentence of 109 that you understand from Dr. Arroyave that NiAl is the most likely compound to form of all the nickel	2 3 4	the report. It was his opinion that's the most likely thing to occur.  Q. And you're not A. Let's use his words, or the words I stuck in here.
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#### GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 210..213

Page 210 Page 212 necessarily be able to make small amounts of NiAl by 1 know what the composition of the material is, altering the liner blend"? 2 the liner material is, and you do some -- some -some chemical analysis of that, and have the 3 3 A. I think that's fairly obvious. I don't evidence of an exothermic reaction in the tunnel 4 4 know what the question about that is. If you can geometry, then you can get there. make NiAl, you should be able to modify it slightly Q. So looking -- sorry to distract you from 6 and have a small amount of NiAl. What's -- I don't it, but going back to Column 3, lines 57 to 60, you 7 understand why that's a question. 8 see that the patent states, "By way of example, an 8 How would a person of ordinary skill change 9 important feature of the invention is that NiAl 9 the proportions of the liner to create small amounts of NiAl? 10 reacts only when the mixture experiences a shock 10 11 wave of greater than approximately 14 gigapascals. 11 A. I think it's simply stating the obvious, 12 This causes the powders to form the intermetallic that if you have a process that creates NiAl, take 12 NiAl with a considerable output of energy." Do you that as a given, that you should be able to modify 13 13 14 see that? it and produce at least small amounts of NiAl. 15 A. Yes. 15 Can you articulate how, sitting here today?  ${\tt Q.}\,\,$  Does the patent here describe the use of 16 16 With precision in terms of degrees, no. 17 NiAl to produce a considerable output of energy? 17 But it's fairly clear logic, it seems to me, that if 18 A. As an example. 18 you have a process that produces a product, you can 19 Can you identify any portion of the patent 19 modify that process slightly and still get some of that describes the use of NiAl to produce a trivial 20 the same product. 20 amount of energy? 21 21 Q. Would a person of skill be able to produce 22 MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form. 22 small amounts of NiAl by introducing an additional I don't think those words are in the metal into the liner? 23 patent. 24 A. That's possible. 25 BY MR. HEARD: 25 How about just by changing the proportions Page 213 Page 211 Can you identify a portion of the patent of nickel and aluminum in the liner? that describes the use of NiAl to produce 2 Yes, that's possible. All of that insufficient energy to impact the flow 3 suggests, as long as you're getting the NiAl, it 3 characteristics of the perforation tunnel? 4 doesn't matter what else you're doing. 5 A. I think you're making all that stuff up. I 5 Q. What would a person of ordinary skill need don't think those words are in the patent, nor to rely on to determine whether adding a metal, such 6 7 they -- should they be. 7 as copper, would interfere with the production of 8 Q. Agreed. 8 9 9 You state in your report that, "If A. Probably a look at the chemistry. Look at 10 one could create a significant amount of NiAl based 10 the phase diagram and decide if there's going to be solely on the composition of the liner, one would anything that would prevent the formation of NiAl. necessarily be able to make small amounts of NiAl by 12 But the logic is pretty easy, it's not complicated, altering the liner blend." What's your support for unless you're going to completely change the 13 13 14 that claim? chemistry somehow. 14 15 A. Where are you reading? 15 Q. Well, and that's the question. Do you know 16 Paragraph 133. 16 how the chemistry could be changed to reduce the 17 Of the rebuttal report? amount of NiAl you produce? 17 18 Yes. And the sentence I read to you is at 18 Given that the fact if NiAl -- if nickel 19 the bottom of that page 54. 19 and aluminum are involved, if you leave those two 20 A. Okay. Just a moment, let me get through 20 constituents in there, the most likely thing is,

21

22

23

24

NiAl.

they're going to form NiAl. You know, you may be

simultaneously. But if those two are involved, the

most likely thing is, they'll get together and form

able to do some other things at the same time,

21

22

23

the whole thing here. (Reviews document.)

Okay. And what is your question?

one could create significant amounts of NiAl based

solely on the composition of the liner, one would

What's your basis for the claim that, "If

# GEODYNAMICS, INCORPORATED VS. DYNAENERGETICS US., INC., ET AL. Outside Counsel Only Dr. Gary Wooley on 07/18/2018 Pages 214..217

Out	side Counsei Only Dr. Gary woold	cy o	n 0//18/2018 Pages 21421/
	Page 214		Page 216
1	Q. And you gained that understanding from	1	A. Could.
2	Dr. Arroyave?	2	Q. Have you seen evidence of that?
3	A. Yeah, I confirmed it with him. It seemed	3	A. Where?
4	to me that's that made sense, but he he	4	Q. Have you seen evidence of it?
5	confirmed it and said yeah, the probabilities are	5	A. I don't know where you're referring to.
6	high that that's the most likely thing to occur.	6	Q. I'm asking, have you ever seen evidence
7	Q. How would you quantify the amount of NiAl	7	of
8	you're getting?	8	A. Oh.
9	A. Well, it's just a chemical balance. I	9	Q a system in which
10	don't understand what you're asking.	10	A. Not that I recall. Again, I'd refer you to
11	Q. Is there prior art that supports the	11	Dr. Arroyave on that. He may have seen a lot more
12	what you're stating that supports that you could	12	evidence of that kind of chemical reaction.
13	just change the easily change to have small	13	Q. And if there is that if there is a
14	amounts of NiAl?	14	reaction between copper and aluminum, would that
15	A. I think it's a common sense thing, unless	15	mean that there is some portion of the aluminum
16	you're going to modify the chemistry completely,	16	that's not reacting with the nickel?
17	which is a possibility. But based on my	17	A. Sure, that's possible.
18	understanding and Dr. Arroyave's opinion, it's most	18	Q. And can you quantify the extent of that
19	likely that the nickel and aluminum will combine to	19	interference?
20	form NiAl.	20	A. Much more likely that the nickel and
21	Q. But in what quantity, you're not sure?	21	aluminum will get together than the aluminum and the
22	A. Well, the quantities formed will depend on	22	copper.
23	a lot of different variables.	23	Q. And, again, you base that on your
24	Q. And that's what I'm getting at. Do you	24	understanding that you confirmed with Dr. Arroyave?
25	know what variables can be altered to change the	25	A. Yes.
		1	
	Page 215		Page 217
1	Page 215 amount of NiAl you're going to get?	1	Page 217 Q. Do the claims of the '394 patent encompass
1 2		1 2	
	amount of NiAl you're going to get?		Q. Do the claims of the '394 patent encompass
2	amount of NiAl you're going to get?  A. Yeah. Change the amount of nickel and the	2	Q. Do the claims of the '394 patent encompass liners containing nickel, aluminum, and tungsten,
2 3	amount of NiAl you're going to get?  A. Yeah. Change the amount of nickel and the amount of aluminum.	2 3	Q. Do the claims of the '394 patent encompass liners containing nickel, aluminum, and tungsten, where the tungsten is accounts for the 70 percent
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	amount of NiAl you're going to get?  A. Yeah. Change the amount of nickel and the amount of aluminum.  Q. And do you know how that those changes would affect the the resultant amount of NiAl?  A. If that's all that's in there, it's a pretty simple chemical balance. Now, if you start changing the chemistry with other materials, then you've got to look at it more closely.  Q. So adding an element a third element into the equation, like copper, it changes the chemistry?  A. At least some of it, yes. Again, we're looking at probabilities of forming, and the high probability is, if nickel and aluminum are present, they're going to get together and form NiAl. There may be some other things that happen, but that's the most likely thing that will happen.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Q. Do the claims of the '394 patent encompass liners containing nickel, aluminum, and tungsten, where the tungsten is accounts for the 70 percent of the liner by weight?  A. And what's your question about that?  Q. Does the '394 patent cover that ratio?  Does it cover a liner blend that contains nickel, aluminum, and tungsten, where the tungsten is 70 percent by weight of the liner?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.  A. Yeah, I don't think those percentages matter. If you've got nickel and aluminum together, they're likely to form if you have nickel and aluminum together, they're likely to form NiAl intermetallic compound, as a product. There may be some other things that go on, but they'll still do that.  BY MR. HEARD:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	amount of NiAl you're going to get?  A. Yeah. Change the amount of nickel and the amount of aluminum.  Q. And do you know how that those changes would affect the the resultant amount of NiAl?  A. If that's all that's in there, it's a pretty simple chemical balance. Now, if you start changing the chemistry with other materials, then you've got to look at it more closely.  Q. So adding an element a third element into the equation, like copper, it changes the chemistry?  A. At least some of it, yes. Again, we're looking at probabilities of forming, and the high probability is, if nickel and aluminum are present, they're going to get together and form NiAl. There may be some other things that happen, but that's the most likely thing that will happen.  Q. Does copper react with aluminum in a liner	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Q. Do the claims of the '394 patent encompass liners containing nickel, aluminum, and tungsten, where the tungsten is accounts for the 70 percent of the liner by weight?  A. And what's your question about that?  Q. Does the '394 patent cover that ratio?  Does it cover a liner blend that contains nickel, aluminum, and tungsten, where the tungsten is 70 percent by weight of the liner?  MR. FOUNTAIN: Objection to form.  A. Yeah, I don't think those percentages matter. If you've got nickel and aluminum together, they're likely to form if you have nickel and aluminum together, they're likely to form NiAl intermetallic compound, as a product. There may be some other things that go on, but they'll still do that.  BY MR. HEARD:  Q. So you do is your opinion that, yes, the
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